# **RPS6 (A229) polyclonal antibody**

Catalog: BCP01470

Host: I

Rabbit

Reactivity: Human, Rat, Mouse

# **BackGround:**

One way that growth factors and mitogens effectively promote sustained cell growth and proliferation is by upregulating mRNA translation. Growth factors and mitogens induce the activation of p70 S6 kinase and the subsequent phosphorylation of S6 ribosomal protein. Phosphorylation of S6 ribosomal protein correlates with an increase in translation of mRNA transcripts that contain an oligopyrimidine tract in their 5' untranslated regions. These particular mRNA transcripts (5'TOP) encode proteins involved in cell cycle progression, as well as ribosomal proteins and elongation factors necessary for translation. Important S6 ribosomal protein phosphorylation sites include several residues (Ser235, Ser236, Ser240, and Ser244) located within a small, carboxy-terminal region of S6 protein.

## **Product:**

Rabbit IgG, 1mg/ml in PBS with 0.02% sodium azide, 50% glycerol, pH7.2.

**Molecular Weight:** 

## ~ 32 kDa

**Swiss-Prot:** 

P62753

## **Purification&Purity:**

The antibody was affinity-purified from rabbit antiserum by affinity-chromatography using epitope-specific immunogen and the purity is > 95% (by SDS-PAGE).

#### **Applications:**

WB: 1:2000~1:5000

IF 1:50 - 1:200

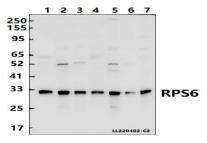
**Storage&Stability:** 

Store at  $4 \,^{\circ}{\rm C}$  short term. Aliquot and store at  $-20 \,^{\circ}{\rm C}$  long term. Avoid freeze-thaw cycles.

#### **Specificity:**

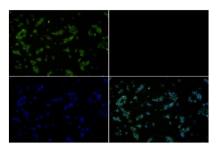
RPS6 (A229) polyclonal antibody detects endogenous levels of RPS6 protein.

#### **DATA:**

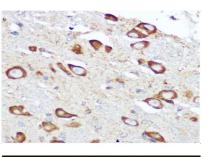


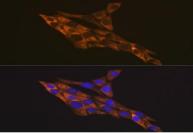
Western blot (WB) analysis of RPS6 polyclonal antibody at 1:2000 dilution

Lane1:THP-1 whole cell lysate(40ug) Lane2:Jurkat whole cell lysate(40ug) Lane3:HepG2 whole cell lysate(40ug) Lane4:Hela whole cell lysate(40ug) Lane5:A549 whole cell lysate(40ug) Lane6:CT-26 whole cell lysate(40ug) Lane7:PC12 whole cell lysate(40ug)



Immunofluorescence analysis of PC12 cells using RPS6 antibody at dilution of 1:50.





Note:



For research use only, not for use in diagnostic procedure.