

SHP-1 (K530) polyclonal antibody

Catalog: BCP01512

Host: Rabbit

Reactivity: Human, Mouse, Rat

BackGround:

SHP-1 (PTPN6) is a non-receptor protein tyrosine phosphatase that is expressed primarily in hematopoietic cells. The enzyme is composed of two SH2 domains, a tyrosine phosphatase catalytic domain, and a carboxy-terminal regulatory domain. SHP-1 removes phosphates from target proteins to downregulate several tyrosine kinase-regulated pathways. In hematopoietic cells, the amino-terminal SH2 domain of SHP-1 binds to tyrosine phosphorylated erythropoietin receptors (EpoR) to negatively regulate hematopoietic growth. Overexpression of SHP-1 in epithelial cells results in dephosphorylation of the Ros receptor tyrosine kinase and subsequent down-regulation of Ros-dependent cell proliferation and transformation. Following ligand binding in myeloid cells, SHP-1 associates with the IL-3R β chain and downregulates IL-3-induced tyrosine phosphorylation and cell proliferation.

Product:

Rabbit IgG, 1mg/ml in PBS with 0.02% sodium azide, 50% glycerol, pH7.2

Molecular Weight:

~ 68 kDa

Swiss-Prot:

P29350

Purification&Purity:

The antibody was affinity-purified from rabbit antiserum by affinity-chromatography using epitope-specific immunogen and the purity is > 95% (by SDS-PAGE).

Applications:

WB: 1:500~1:1000

IHC: 1:50~1:200

Storage&Stability:

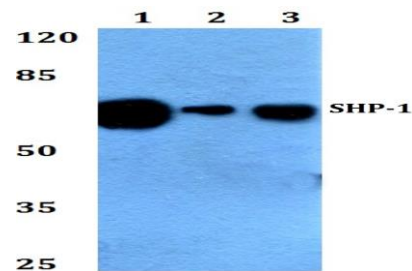
Store at 4 °C short term. Aliquot and store at -20 °C long

term. Avoid freeze-thaw cycles.

Specificity:

SHP-1 (K530) polyclonal antibody detects endogenous levels of SHP-1 protein.

DATA:



Western blot (WB) analysis of SHP-1 (K530) pAb at 1:500 dilution

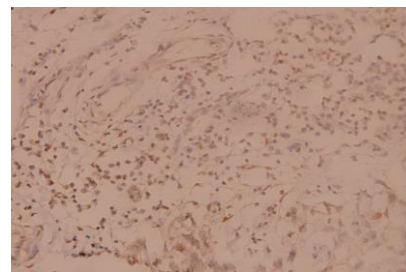
Lane1:H9C2 whole cell lysate(40ug)

Lane2:C6 whole cell lysate(40ug)

Lane3:BV2 whole cell lysate(20ug)

Lane4:HEK293T whole cell lysate(20ug)

Lane5:Jurkat whole cell lysate(40ug)



Immunohistochemistry (IHC) analyzes of SHP-1 (K530) pAb in paraffin-embedded human breast carcinoma tissue at 1:100.

Note:

For research use only, not for use in diagnostic procedure.