

SLC16A5 (A193) polyclonal antibody

Catalog: BCP01523

Host: Rabbit

Reactivity: Human,Mouse,Rat

BackGround:

Monocarboxylates, such as lactate and pyruvate, play an integral role in cellular metabolism. Lactic acid is produced in large quantities as a result of glycolysis, which provides the majority of ATP to cells under normal physiological conditions. However, accumulation of lactic acid leads to a decrease in intracellular pH and cessation of glycolysis. In order for glycolysis to continue at a high rate, lactic acid must be transported out of the cell. This transport process is carried out by a family of monocarboxylate transporters (MCTs), which function as proton symports and are stereoselective for L-lactate. The MCT family consists of at least eight members, MCT1-8, which contain between 10-12 transmembrane-helical (TM) domains, with the amino and carboxy termini located in the cytoplasm. MCT6 is highly expressed in the kidneys and is thought to have a specificity for bumetanide, a loop diuretic involved in the treatment of edema. The high substrate specificity of MCT6 suggests a possible role in therapeutic drug transport and trafficking across the plasma membrane.

Product:

Rabbit IgG, 1mg/ml in PBS with 0.02% sodium azide, 50% glycerol, pH7.2

Molecular Weight:

~ 55 kDa

Swiss-Prot:

O15375

Purification&Purity:

The antibody was affinity-purified from rabbit antiserum

by affinity-chromatography using epitope-specific immunogen and the purity is > 95% (by SDS-PAGE).

Applications:

WB: 1:500~1:1000

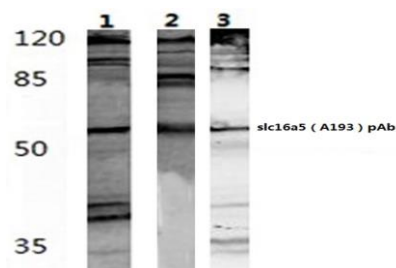
Storage&Stability:

Store at 4 °C short term. Aliquot and store at -20 °C long term. Avoid freeze-thaw cycles.

Specificity:

SLC16A5 (A193) polyclonal antibody detects endogenous levels of SLC16A5 protein.

DATA:



Western blot (WB) analysis of SLC16A5 (A193) polyclonal antibody at 1:500 dilution

Lane1:HEK293T whole cell lysate(40µg)

Lane2:NIH-3T3 whole cell lysate(40µg)

Lane3:PC12 whole cell lysate(40µg)

Note:

For research use only, not for use in diagnostic procedure.