PRODUCT DATA SHEET



Complex Biotech Co., Ltd

CD158a Recombinant Protein

Catalog: BCP3414 Host: E.coli Tag: His-tag

BackGround:

NKAT (NK-associated transcripts) gene products, known as killer immunoglobulin-like receptors or KIRs, down-regulate the cytotoxicity of NK cells upon recognition of specific class I major histocompatibility complex (MHC) molecules on target cells. This family of receptors is characterized by an extracellular region with two to three immunoglobulin-superfamily domains and a cytoplasmic domain with an antigen receptor activation motif (ARAM). KIRs and other inhibitory receptors also possess a common cytoplasmic sequence (I/VxYxxL/V) known as an ITIM (immunoreceptor tyrosine-based inhibitory motif). The human inhibitory natural killer cell immunoglobulin-like

receptor 2DL1, also designated KIR2DL1, CL-42, NKAT1, P58.1 or CD158a long form, is a 348 amino acid type I transmembrane protein. KIR2DL1 can bind human leukocyte antigen-C (HLA-C) via both polar and hydrophobic interactions through Met 44 in a binding pocket that coordinates Lys 80 of HLA-C.

Product:

PBS, 4M Urea, PH7.4

Molecular Weight:

~30kDa

Swiss-Prot:

P43626

Purification&Purity:

Transferred into competent cells and the supernatant was purified by NI column affinity chromatography and the purity is > 85% (by SDS-PAGE).

Restriction Sites:

NdeI-XhoI

Storage&Stability:

Store at $4 \,\mathrm{C}$ short term. Aliquot and store at $-20 \,\mathrm{C}$ long term. Avoid freeze-thaw cycles.

Expression Vector:

pet-22b(+)

DATA:



Note:

For research use only, not for use in diagnostic procedure.